

## **Explanation of prudential indicators**

Central Government control of borrowing was ended and replaced with Prudential borrowing by the Local Government Act 2003. Prudential borrowing permitted local government organisations to borrow to fund capital spending plans provided they could demonstrate their affordability. Prudential indicators are the means to demonstrate affordability.

**Gross borrowing** – compares estimated gross borrowing in February 2023 strategy with actual gross borrowing as at 30 September 2023.

**Capital financing requirement (CFR)** – the capital financing requirement shows the underlying need of the Council to borrow for capital purposes as determined from the balance sheet. The overall positive CFR of £134.902m provides the Council with the opportunity to borrow if appropriate. 16m of borrowing is planned for 2023/24 arising from the approved capital programme, together with £1m minimum and voluntary revenue provisions for the repayment of debt.

**Authorised limit for external debt** - this is the maximum limit for gross external indebtedness. This is the statutory limit determined under section 3(1) of the Local Government Act 2003. This limit is set to allow sufficient headroom for day to day operational management of cashflows. This limit has not been breached in the period 1 April 2023 to 30 September 2023.

**Operational boundary for external debt** – this is set as the more likely amount that may be required for day to day cashflow. This limit has not been breached in the period 1 April 2023 to 30 September 2023.

**Upper limit for fixed and variable interest rate exposure** – these limits allow the Council flexibility in its investment and borrowing options. Current investments are either fixed rate term investments or on call. Borrowing is at a fixed rate.

**Upper limit for total principal sums invested for over 365 days** – the amount it is considered can prudently be invested for a period in excess of a year. Current policy only permits lending beyond 1 year with other Local Authorities up to a maximum of 3 years. Property fund investments are subject to a 25-year maximum, and other investment funds up to 10 years as set out in Table 13 of the latest Treasury Management Strategy.